Q-1 : Demonstrate a case When a base table has multiple indices, the where clause should be in the order of the index, either a primary or a secondary index.

Q-2 : Demonstrate a case For testing existence , use Select.. Up to 1 rows statement instead of a

Select-Endselect- Loop with an Exit.

Q-3 : Demonstrate a case to Use column updates instead of single-row updates   
to update your database tables.

Q-4 : Demonstrate a case, For all frequently used Select statements, try to use an index.

Q-5 : Demonstrate a case to find the maximum, minimum, sum and average value or the count of a database column, use a select list with aggregate functions instead of computing the aggregates yourself.   
Some of the Aggregate functions allowed in SAP are MAX, MIN, AVG, SUM, COUNT, COUNT( \* )

Q-6 : Demonstrate a case to be must considered FOR ALL ENTRIES

Q-7 : Demonstrate a case to appending a table to another table considerably as compared to “ LOOP-APPEND-ENDLOOP.

Q-8 : Create an workbench request and store a report object. Provide a meaningful TR Description.

Q-9 : Create a new transport request and and move the FIrst TR's object into second TR.